

# Numerical prediction of wind turbine wakes using adaptative mesh refinement

## Why?

- Harvesting of wind energy produced by large wind farms = source of **clean** and **renewable** energy  
—> Maximizing the electrical power of windfarms is a key issue.
- Power production and fatigue loads related to **wind** or **wake** coming from an upstream generator

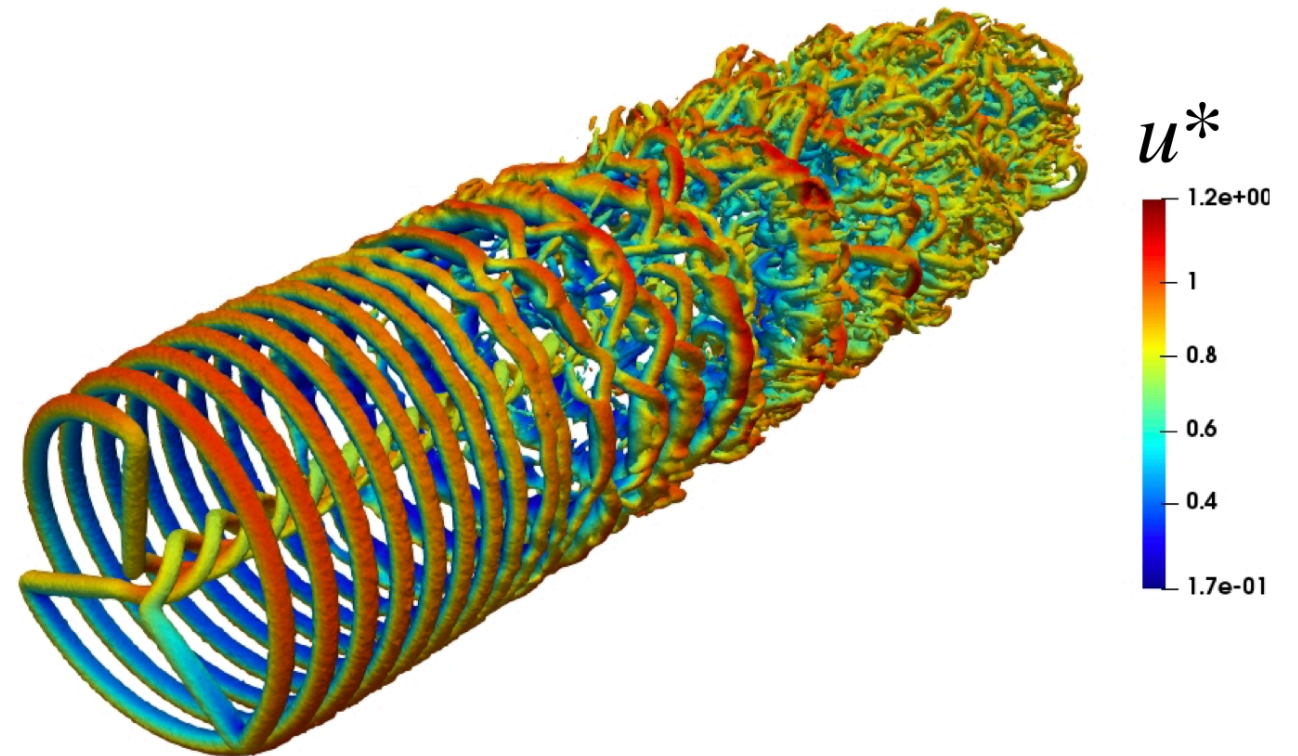
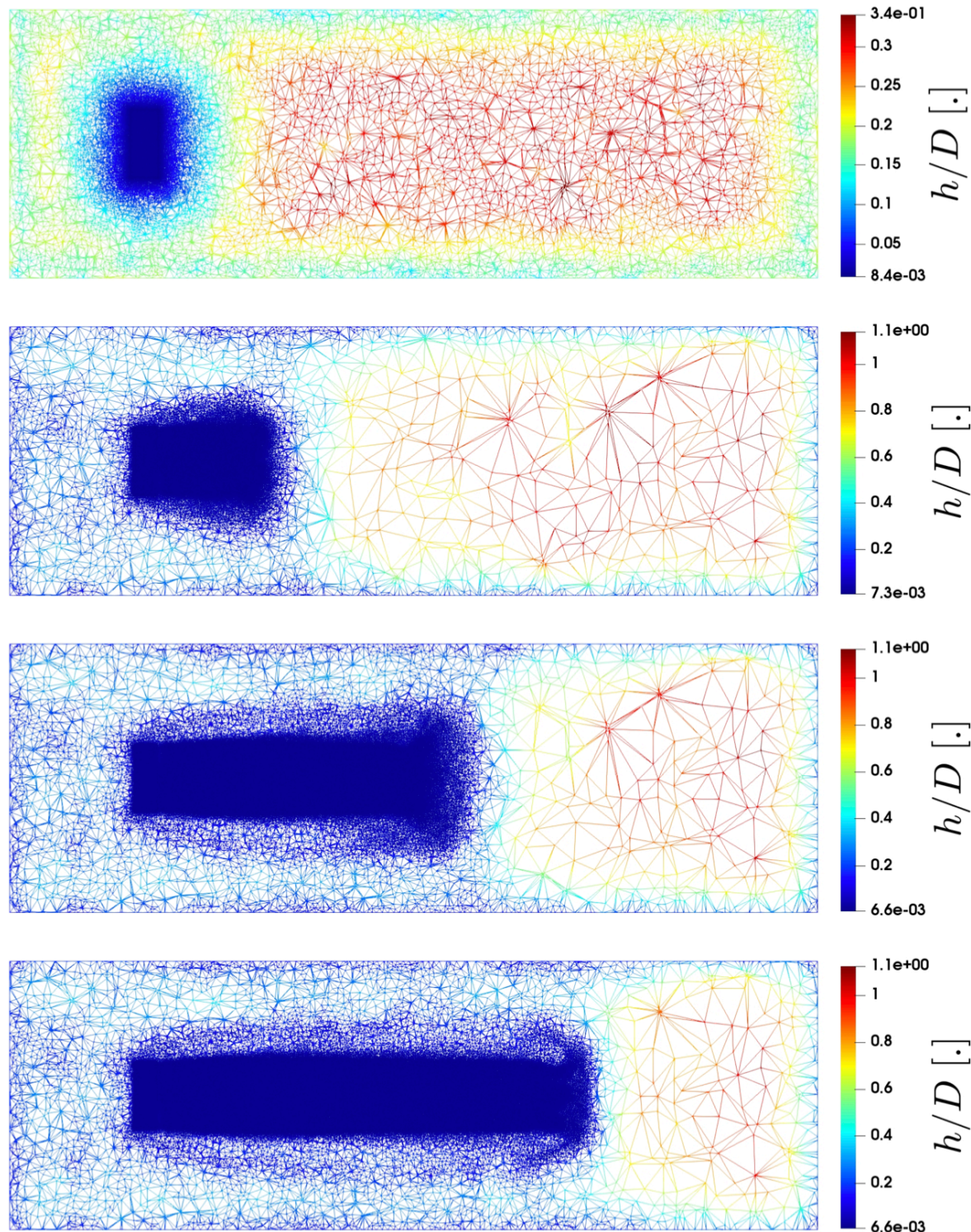
## Challenges?

Wakes —> complex 3D unsteady flow phenomena —> high computational cost

## Objectives?

- Demonstrate the feasibility of AMR for wind turbine wake prediction
- Determinate mesh adaptivity parameters ensuring a good compromise between **accuracy** and **computing time**

# Visualization of the dynamic mesh adaptation



Snapshot of a wind turbine turbulent wake:  
Q criterion colored by dimensionless  
velocity  $u^* = u/U_\infty$ , TSR = 6



# Adaptation strategies

Static adaptation  
based on flow statistics

$$Qc_1 = \Delta^2 \max_{i,j=1,2,3} \left\{ \left| \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}_j^*}{\partial x_i^2} \right| \right\}.$$

$$Qc_2 = \frac{E_{sgs}}{E_{sgs} + E_R}$$

[Bénard et al. in Int. J. Numer. Meth. Fluids (2015)]



$$Qc_1 = f(ncells\ ratio) \quad Qc_2 = 0.2$$
$$\rightarrow h_{local}$$

Dynamic adaptation  
based on vorticity

$$\omega_{max} = \frac{\Gamma}{\pi \epsilon^2}$$

$$\Gamma = 0.5 C_L c R U_{inf}$$

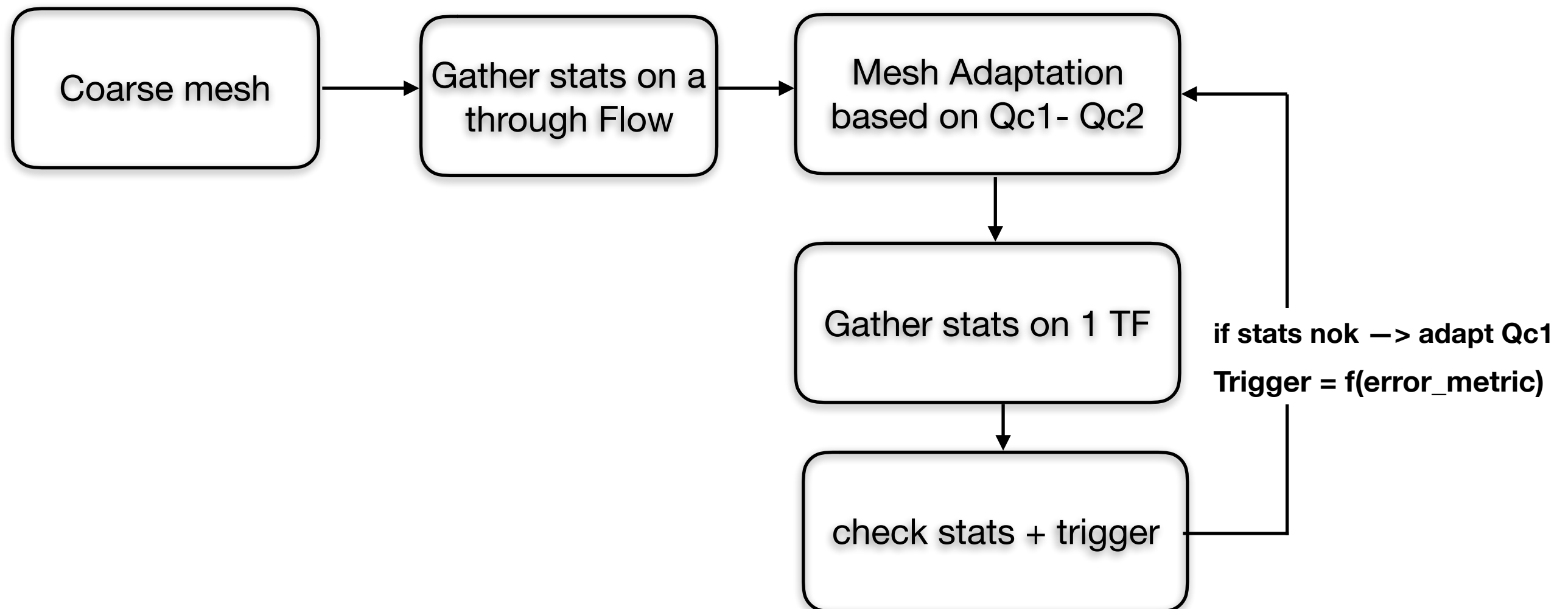
$$h_{blade} = \frac{R}{32}$$



$$\omega_{local} > k \omega_{max}$$
$$\rightarrow h_{local} \leq h_{blade}$$

Trigger = f(error\_metric)

# Static adaptation based on flow statistics

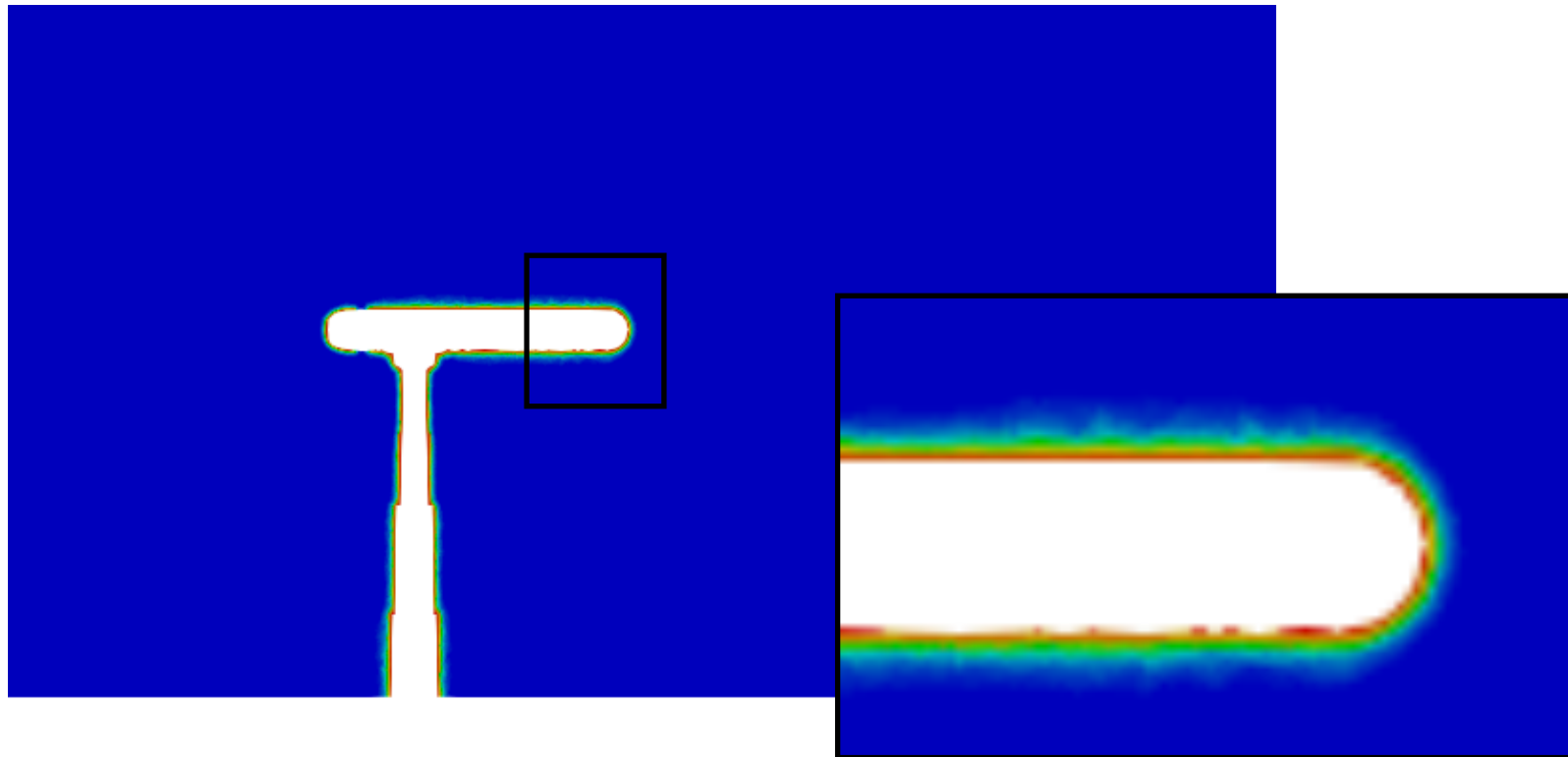


- **Mesh adaptivity parameters** : QC1 value or ncells ratio and QC2 value
- **Number of adaptation steps** : depends on metric error

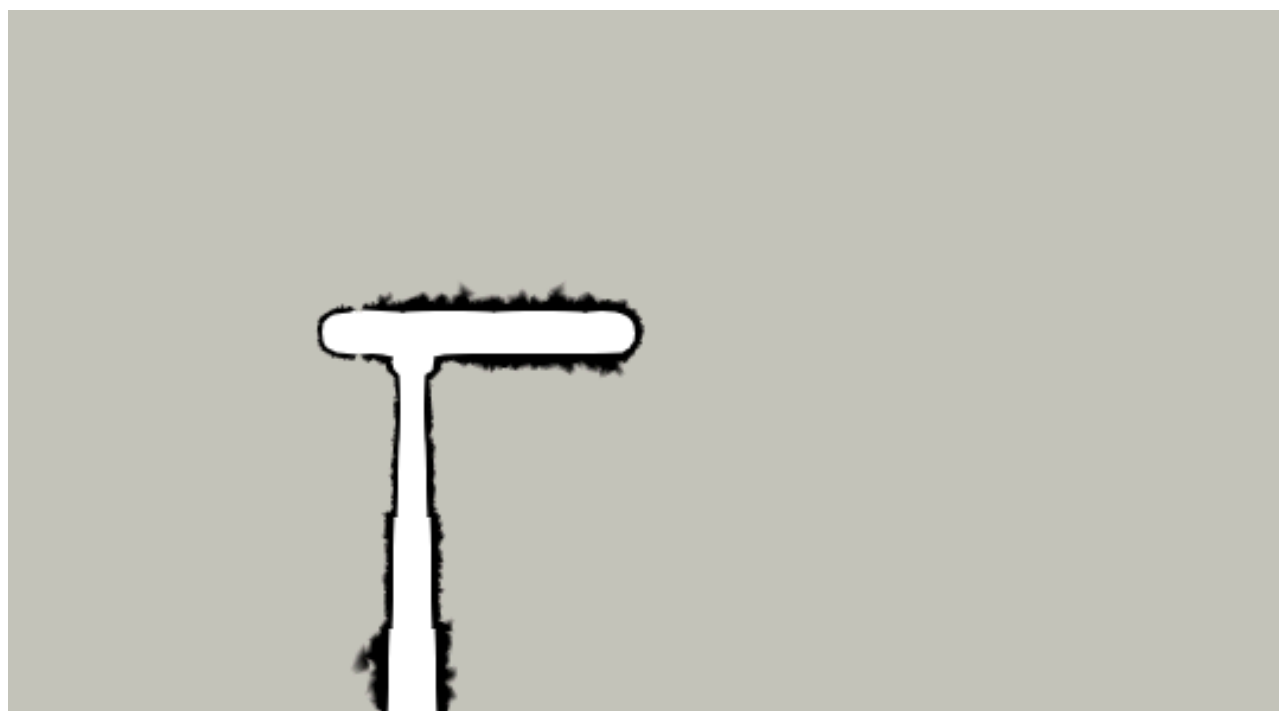


# Use level set for masking

**LS PHI**



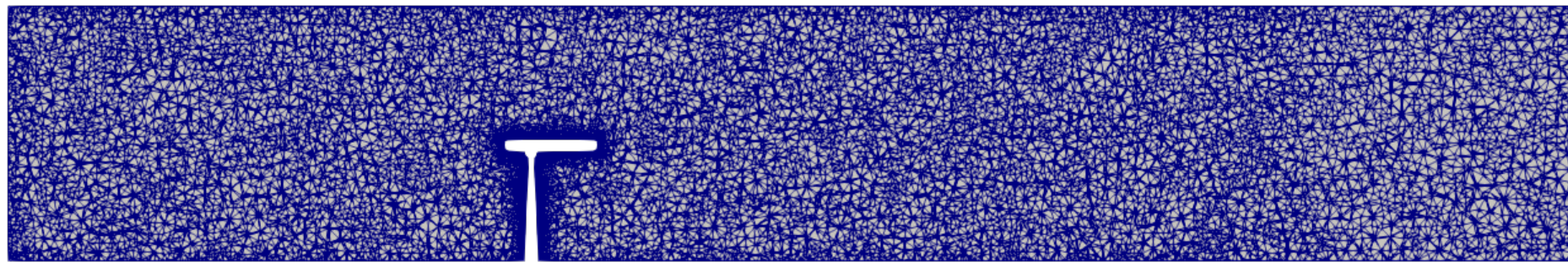
**Mask**



- Tower and nacelle wall modeled
- use the level set to limit the number of cells in these regions
- No mesh adaptation in black regions

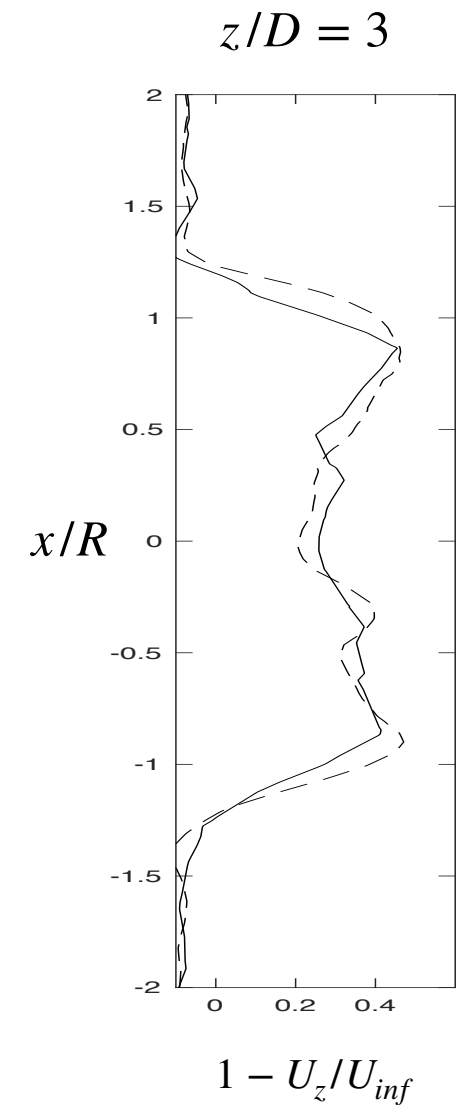
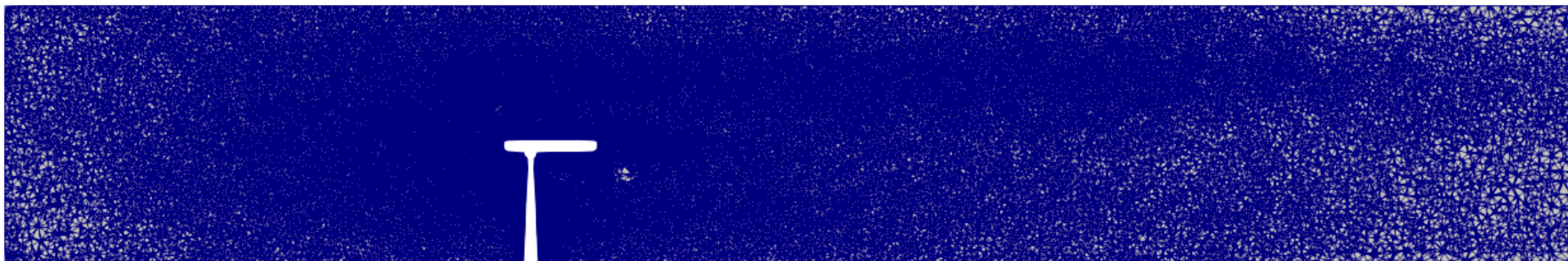
# Static adaptation based on flow statistics

**Step 1 : 1.3M cells**

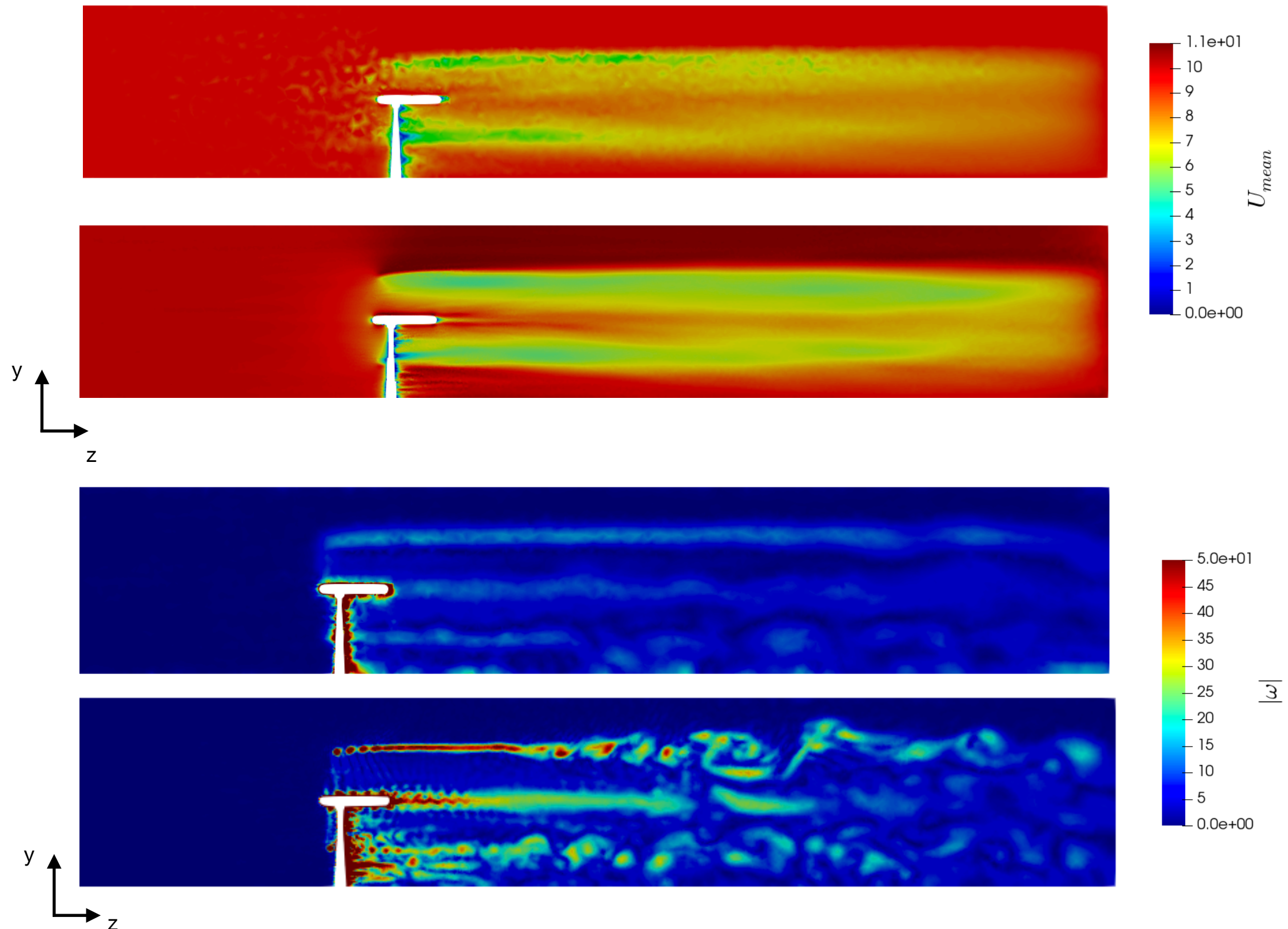


**impose ncells ratio = 10**

**Step 2 : 12M cells**



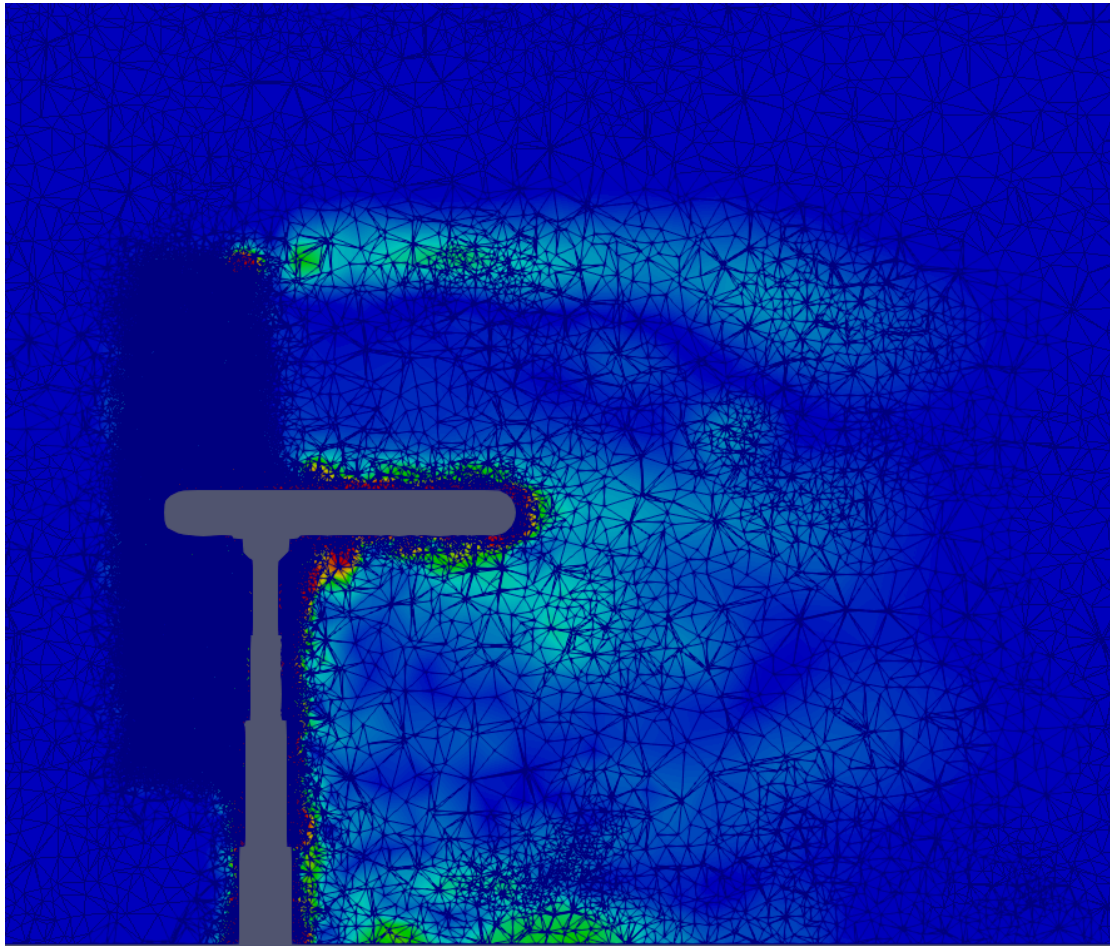
# Static adaptation based on flow statistics



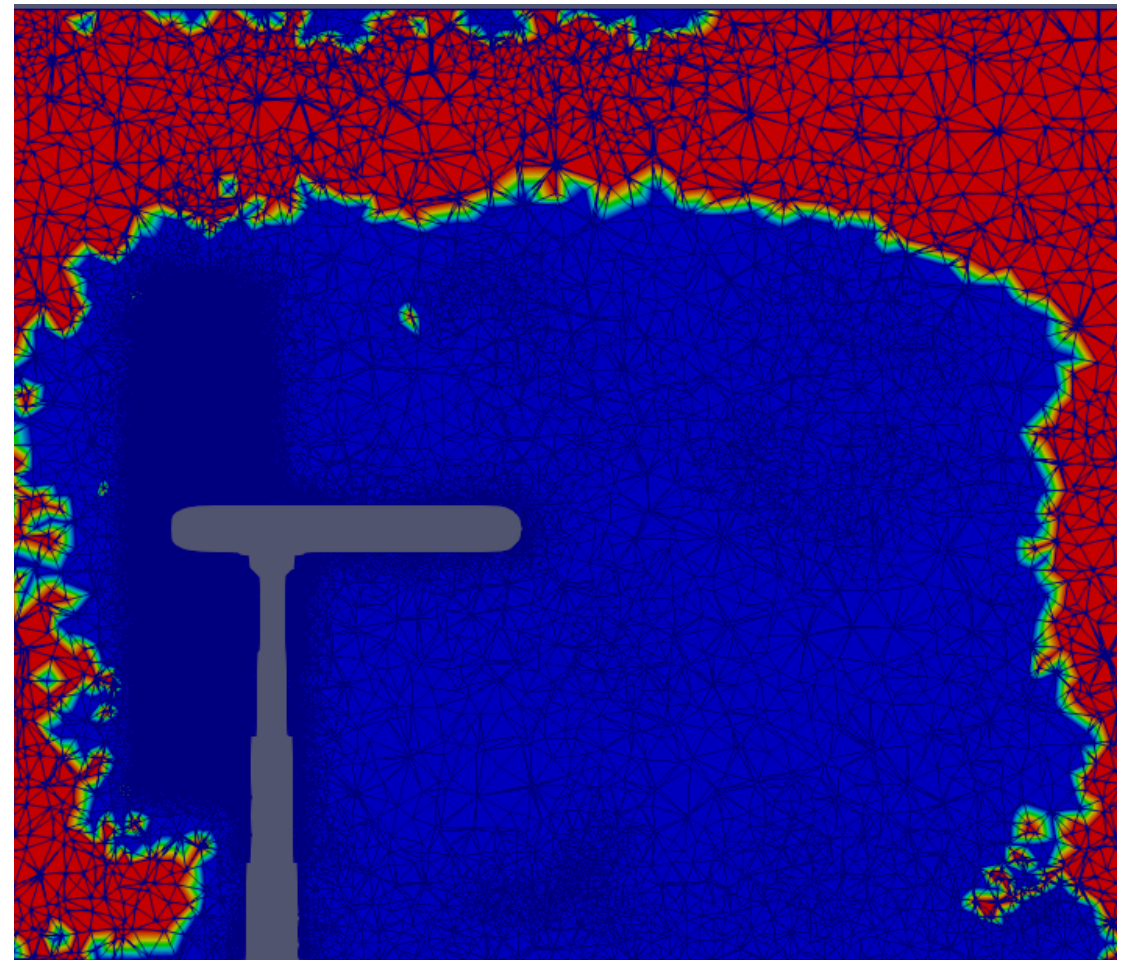


# Dynamic adaptation based on vorticity

## Vorticity



**Mask**  $\omega_{local} > 1 \% \omega_{max}$



- Mask based on the voriticiy
- Reduce the mask and use mask propagation instead



# Perspective : wind turbine with yaw

